

Resonance[™] Aromatic Polyether Polyols

Aromatic Polyether Polyols	Viscosity, 25°C (cps)	OH Value (mg/g)	f	% Aromaticity	Benefits	
Resonance™ PL91-203 (PL91-255- LV version)	7,000 (3,700)	240 (290)	2.6 (2.4)	33 (31)	 Ideal for Rigid foams (PUR & PIR) Provides superior Reaction-to-Fire (RTF) and heat resistance Improves thermomechanical properties of elastomers Compatible with a variety of polyols, FRs, and blowing agents Excellent compatibility and shelf life with HFO In PIR, PL91-205 (pentane & HFO blown) met ASTM E84 test (FSI:20; SDI: 200), exceeded the compressive strength, dimensional stability and vapor permeability requirements In PUR, reduce aliphatic polyetherols, sugar polyols and halogenated Flame Retardants (FR), and the processing temperature In a model SPF formulation, PL-203 (ca. 20% of B-side): 36% lower pHRR @ 25 kW/m² (Cone Calorimeter) Improves hydrolytic resistance The low viscosity (LV) versions provide enhanced system flow 	
Resonance™ PL91-205 (PL91-254- LV version)	12,500 (5,500)	240 (300)	3.0 (2.7)	33 (31)		
Resonance™ PL91-507	3,000	175	3.0	24	 Suitable for Rigid, semi-rigid and Flexible foams due to relatively low OH values and high functionality Particularly suited for water-blown PUR foams due to their enhanced water solubility Replacement of polyetherols results in finer cell structure and improved mechanical properties in open-cell spray foams Compatible with several common polyols and blowing agents Improves load-bearing properties due to Rigid hard segment Enhances processability and hydrolytic resistance 	
Resonance™ PL91-550	1,500	125	3.0	17		
Resonance™ PL92-450	12,000	230	3.0	31	 Secondary hydroxyl capping leads to slower reactivity A "drop-in" PUR or PIR formulation achieves better fire ratings ca. 50% PL92-450/ HFO blown PUR Rigid achieved Bs2d0 rating Helps reduce FRs Compatible with common FRs, polyols, and blowing agents Improves processability with wider curing window Improves hydrolytic resistance 	
Resonance™ PS91-011	5,500	430	2.4	38	 Provides high aromaticity, improved system flow and reduced blending complexity Offers significant improvements to RTF along with good compressive strength (CS) and dimensional stability (dim. Stability) in PUR and PIR Rigid foams Improves aged insulation Reduction in density while maintaining mechanical strength Compatible with several commonly used polyols and blowing agents such as HFOs Improves hydrolytic resistance 	



Resonance[™] Novel Aromatic (Triazine) Polyols

Novel Aromatic Triazine Polyols	Viscosity, 25°C (cps)	OH Value (mg/g)	f	% Aromaticity	Benefits
Resonance™ TF94-806 (TL95-800- 10% in sugar) (TL95-600- 20% in 3f-PEP) (TL95-650- 10% in PL91-507) (TL95-700- 10% in PL91-550)	Flake (19,200) (10,500) (13,570) (6,000)	600 (390) (315) (230) (190)	4.4 (4.9) (3.4) (3.3) (3.4)	80 (8) (16) (30) (23)	 Highly reactive nitrogen-containing polyol with FR characteristics suited for Rigid foams. Autocatalytic & non-emissive, geared for Spray Foams Compatible with polyols, diluents, and blowing agents Provides significant improvements in RTF by partial replacement of sugar-based or aliphatic polyetherols Cuts down FRs Reduces catalysts, particularly volatile amines, thus reducing odor and improving catalytic efficiency Reduction in amines leads to improved HFO stability and potentially enhanced shelf life of polyol B-side Improves compressive strength TL95-800 is an aromatic nitrogen-fortified sucrose polyol that is a direct substitution of any sugar polyol TL95-650 is an aromatic nitrogen-fortified PL91-507, particularly suited for water-blown PURs, open and closed cell spray foams TL91-700 is an aromatic nitrogen-fortified PL91-550, suited more for Flexible and water-blown PURs
Novel Aromatic Polyols	Viscosity, 25°C (cps)	OH Value (mg/g)	f	% Aromaticity	Benefits
					 Enables faster cure helping with catalyst reduction/optimization Provides dimensional stability, lower exotherm, HFO stability
Resonance™ PF94-801	Flake	540	5.0	75	Compatible with common polyols, diluents, FRs and
(PL95-801- 10% in sugar)	(19,000)	(390)	(5.0)	(7.5)	blowing agentsImproves RTF by partial replacement of sugar-based
(PL95-802- 20% in 3f-PEP)	(11,800)	(300)	(3.5)	(15)	 polyols or aliphatic polyetherols (3f-PEP) Improves aged insulation and compressive strength Provides excellent chemical and hydrolytic resistance PL95-801 is a direct replacement for sugar-based polyols PL95-802 is a direct replacement for aliphatic PEPs